

Information in the US-CERT Cyber Security Bulletin is a compilation and includes information published by outside sources, therefore the information should not be considered the result of US-CERT analysis. Software vulnerabilities are categorized in the appropriate section reflecting the operating system on which the vulnerability was reported; however, this does not mean that the vulnerability only affects the operating system reported since this information is obtained from open-source information.

This bulletin provides a summary of new or updated vulnerabilities, exploits, trends, viruses, and trojans. **Updates to vulnerabilities that appeared in previous bulletins are listed in bold text.** The text in the Risk column appears in red for vulnerabilities ranking **High**. The risks levels applied to vulnerabilities in the Cyber Security Bulletin are based on how the "system" may be impacted. The Recent Exploit/Technique table contains a "Workaround or Patch Available" column that indicates whether a workaround or patch has been published for the vulnerability which the script exploits.

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## Vulnerabilities

The table below summarizes vulnerabilities that have been identified, even if they are not being exploited. Complete details about patches or workarounds are available from the source of the information or from the URL provided in the section. CVE numbers are listed where applicable. Vulnerabilities that affect **both** Windows and Unix Operating Systems are included in the [Multiple Operating Systems](#) section.

*Note: All the information included in the following tables has been discussed in newsgroups and on web sites.*

### The Risk levels defined below are based on how the system may be impacted:

*Note: Even though a vulnerability may allow several malicious acts to be performed, only the highest level risk will be defined in the Risk column.*

- **High** - A high-risk vulnerability is defined as one that will allow an intruder to immediately gain privileged access (e.g., sysadmin or root) to the system or allow an intruder to execute code or alter arbitrary system files. An example of a high-risk vulnerability is one that allows an unauthorized user to send a sequence of instructions to a machine and the machine responds with a command prompt with administrator privileges.
- **Medium** - A medium-risk vulnerability is defined as one that will allow an intruder immediate access to a system with less than privileged access. Such vulnerability will allow the intruder the opportunity to continue the attempt to gain privileged access. An example of medium-risk vulnerability is a server configuration error that allows an intruder to capture the password file.
- **Low** - A low-risk vulnerability is defined as one that will provide information to an intruder that could lead to further compromise attempts or a Denial of Service (DoS) attack. It should be noted that while the DoS attack is deemed low from a threat potential, the frequency of this type of attack is very high. DoS attacks against mission-critical nodes are not included in this rating and any attack of this nature should instead be considered to be a "High" threat.

Windows Operating Systems Only				
Vendor & Software Name	Vulnerability - Impact Patches - Workarounds Attack Scripts	Common Name / CVE Reference	Risk	Source
Alt-N MDaemon 8.1.3, WorldClient	A vulnerability has been reported in MDAemon and WorldClient that could let remote malicious users perform a Denial of Service.	Alt-N MDAemon and WorldClient Denial of Service	Low	Security Focus, ID: 15815, December 12, 2005

8.1.3	<p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4265</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4266</a></p>		
ASPBB ASPBB 0.4	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in ASPBB that could let remote malicious users obtain information.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>ASPBB Information Disclosure</p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, ID: 15859, December 14, 2005</p>
ASP-Dev XM Forum RC3	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in XM Forum that could let remote malicious users conduct cross site scripting.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>ASP-DEV XM Forum Cross Site Scripting</p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, ID: 15858, December 14, 2005</p>
ASPM Forum	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in ASPMForum that could let remote malicious users perform SQL Injection.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>ASPMForum SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4141</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia, Advisory: SA17954, December 8, 2005</p>
CF_Nuke CF_Nuke 4.6	<p>A directory traversal vulnerability has been reported in CF_Nuke that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting or disclose information.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>CF_Nuke Cross-Site Scripting or Information Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4074</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4075</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, ID: 15777, 15778, December 8, 2005</p>

<p>LocazoList</p> <p>LocazoList Classifieds 1.0 3c</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in LocazoList Classifieds that could let remote malicious users conduct Cross-Site Scripting.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available:  <a href="http://locazo.net:81/applications/">http://locazo.net:81/applications/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>LocazoList Classifieds Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4205</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, ID: 15812, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>LogiSphere</p> <p>LogiSphere 0.9.9j</p>	<p>A directory traversal vulnerability has been reported in LogiSphere that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>LogiSphere Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4203</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Secunia, Advisory: SA17989, December 12, 2005</p>

<p>Microsoft DirectX DirectShow 7.0 to 9.0c</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in DirectX DirectShow that could let remote malicious users execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Vendor fix available: <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-050.msp">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-050.msp</a></p> <p>Avaya: <a href="http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-214.pdf">http://support.avaya.com/elmodocs2/security/ASA-2005-214.pdf</a></p> <p>Nortel: <a href="http://www130.nortelnetworks.com/cgi-bin/eserv/cs/main.jsp?cscat=BLTNDETAIL&amp;DocumentOID=366955&amp;RenditionID=">http://www130.nortelnetworks.com/cgi-bin/eserv/cs/main.jsp?cscat=BLTNDETAIL&amp;DocumentOID=366955&amp;RenditionID=</a></p> <p>V1.3 Updated to note availability of Microsoft Knowledge Base Article 909596 and to clarify an issue affecting Windows 2000 SP4 customers, also updates of file versions.</p> <p>V1.4 Updated to note complications of the DirectX 8.1 update on machines running DirectX 9.</p> <p><b>V2.0 Updated to advise customers that a new version of the security update is available for select systems.</b></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Microsoft DirectX DirectShow Arbitrary Code Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2128</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-050, October 11, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">USCERT, VU#995220</a></p> <p>Technical Cyber Security Alert TA05-284A, October 11, 2005</p> <p>Avaya, ASA-2005-214, October 11, 2005</p> <p>Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-050 V1.3, October 21, 2005</p> <p>Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-050 V1.4, November 9, 2005</p> <p>Nortel, Security Advisory Bulletin 2005006315, November 11, 2005</p> <p><b>Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-050 V2.0, December 13, 2005</b></p>
<p>Microsoft Excel</p>	<p>A stack overflow vulnerability has been reported in Microsoft Excel that could let local or remote malicious users execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p>	<p>Microsoft Excel Arbitrary Code Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4131</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Tracker, Alert ID: 1015333, December 8, 2005</p>

	An exploit has been published.			
Microsoft Internet Explorer	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Internet Explorer, by mismatched DOM objects, that could let remote malicious users to obtain unauthorized access.</p> <p>Vendor solutions available:  <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/advisory/911302.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/advisory/911302.mspx</a></p> <p><a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx</a></p> <p><b>An exploit has been published.</b></p>	Microsoft Internet Explorer Unauthorized Access  <a href="#">CVE-2005-1790</a>	Medium	<p>Microsoft, Security Advisory 911302, November 21, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">USCERT, VU#887861, November 21, 2005</a></p> <p><b>Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-054, December 13, 2005</b></p>
Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 SP1 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Internet Explorer, by dialog manipulation, that could let remote malicious users execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available:  <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Microsoft Internet Explorer Arbitrary Code Execution  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2829</a>	High	Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-054, December 13, 2005
Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 SP1 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Internet Explorer, COM object Instantiation, that could let remote malicious users execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available:  <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Microsoft Internet Explorer Arbitrary Code Execution  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2831</a>	High	Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-054, December 13, 2005
Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 SP1 and prior	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Internet Explorer that could let remote malicious users disclose information.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available:  <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Microsoft Internet Explorer Information Disclosure  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2830</a>	Medium	Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-054, December 13, 2005

<p>Microsoft Windows 2000 Server SP4 and prior, Professional SP4 and prior, Datacenter Server SP4 and prior, Advanced Server SP4 and prior</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in Windows, Asynchronous Procedure Calls, that could let local malicious users obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>A vendor solution is available: <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-055.msp">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-055.msp</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Microsoft Windows Privilege Elevation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2827</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Microsoft, Security Bulletin MS05-055, December 13, 2005</p>
<p>Microsoft Windows 2000 SP3 &amp; SP4, Windows XP 64-Bit Edition SP1 (Itanium), Windows XP 64-Bit Edition Version 2003 (Itanium), Windows Server 2003, Windows Server 2003 for Itanium-based Systems</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability exists when handling Server Message Block (SMB) traffic, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/MS05-011.msp">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/MS05-011.msp</a></p> <p>Microsoft Windows NT 4.0 has also been found vulnerable to the issue; however, this platform is no longer publicly supported by Microsoft. A patch is available for customers that have an active end-of-life support agreement including extended Windows NT 4.0 support. Information regarding the end-of-life support agreement can be found at the following location: <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/presspass/features/2004/dec04/12-03NTSupport.asp">http://www.microsoft.com/presspass/features/2004/dec04/12-03NTSupport.asp</a></p> <p><b>V1.1 Revised to advise of Knowledge Base Article 896427, detailing a potential issue encountered after installing this update.</b></p> <p>An exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Microsoft Windows SMB Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-0045</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Microsoft Security Bulletin, MS05-011, February 8, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT Technical Cyber Security Alert TA05-039A</a></p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT Cyber Security Alert SA05-039A</a></p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT Vulnerability Note VU#652537</a></p> <p>Security Focus, 12484, March 9, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 12484, June 23, 2005</p> <p><b>Microsoft Security Bulletin, MS05-011 V1.1, December 13, 2005</b></p>

<p>My Album My Album 1.0</p>	<p>A directory traversal vulnerability has been reported in My Album that could let remote malicious users disclose information.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>My Album Information Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4201</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia, Advisory: SA17951, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Opera Software Opera Web Browser 8.0 1</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported because a remote malicious user can hide a 'File Download' dialog box underneath a new browser window and entice a user into double clicking a specific area in the window, which could lead to the remote arbitrary code execution.</p> <p>Update to 8.02 or later: <a href="http://www.opera.com/download/">http://www.opera.com/download/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Opera Web Browser Download Dialog File Manipulation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2407</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA15781, December 13, 2005</p>
<p>Sights 'n Sounds Streaming Media Server 2.0.3.b</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in Streaming Media Server that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Sights 'n Sounds Streaming Media Server Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4194</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Secunia, Advisory: SA17998, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Sony SunnComm MediaMax 5.0.21.0</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to insecure default directory ACLs set on the 'SunnComm Shared' directory, which could let a malicious user obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>Patch available at: <a href="http://www.sunncomm.com/support/updates/updates.asp">http://www.sunncomm.com/support/updates/updates.asp</a></p> <p><a href="http://www.sonybmq.com/indexmediamax.html">http://www.sonybmq.com/indexmediamax.html</a></p> <p><b>Entry erroneously listed as Multiple OS.</b></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Sony SunnComm MediaMax Insecure Directory Permissions</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4069</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17933, December 7, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Tracker, Alert ID: 1015327, December 8, 2005</b></p>

Trend Micro ServerProtect 5.58	Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported in ServerProtect that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service or obtain information.  Contact the vendor for workaround and fix.  There is no exploit code required.	Trend Micro ServerProtect Multiple Vulnerabilities  <a href="#">CVE-2005-1928</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-1929</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-1930</a>	Medium	Security Focus, ID: 15867, 15868, December 14, 2005
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UNIX / Linux Operating Systems Only				
Vendor & Software Name	Vulnerability - Impact Patches - Workarounds Attack Scripts	Common Name / CVE Reference	Risk	Source
Apple  Mac OS X 10.3.9	A vulnerability has been reported in Perl due to a failure to correctly drop privileges, which could let a remote malicious user obtain elevated privileges. <i>Note: The impact depends on how a Perl application is written to use the affected Perl functionality.</i>  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	Apple Mac OS X Perl Privilege Dropping  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4217</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17922, December 13, 2005
CartKeeper  CKGOLD	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'search.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'keywords' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	CKGold Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4236</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17972, December 14, 2005
Daniel Stenberg  curl 7.12-7.15, 7.11.2	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient bounds checks on user-supplied data before using in a finite sized buffer, which could let a local/remote malicious user execute	cURL / libcurl URL Parser Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4077</a>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15756, December 7, 2005  <b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:224,</b>

	<p>arbitrary code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://curl.haxx.se/download/curl-7.15.1.tar.gz">http://curl.haxx.se/download/curl-7.15.1.tar.gz</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Fedora:</b>  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/c/curl/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/c/curl/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			<p><b>December 8, 2005</b></p> <p><b>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1129 &amp; 1130, December 8, 2005</b></p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 919-1, December 12, 2005</b></p>
<p>DRZES HMS</p> <p>DRZES HMS 3.2</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported in 'login.php' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and an SQL injection vulnerability was reported in the 'invoiceID' parameter due to insufficient sanitization, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>DRZES HMS Cross-Site Scripting &amp; SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4136</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4137</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15766, December 7, 2005</p>
<p>Horde Project</p> <p>Mnemo 2.0.2</p>	<p>HTML injection vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the notepad name and other note data fields, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrade available at:</p>	<p>Horde Mnemo Remote HTML Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4192</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15803, December 12, 2005</p>

	<p><a href="ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/mnemo/mnemo-h3-2.0.3.tar.gz">ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/mnemo/mnemo-h3-2.0.3.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>			
Horde Project Turba Contact Manager 2.0.4	<p>HTML injection vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the address book name and certain contact data fields, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrade available at: <a href="http://ftp.horde.org/pub/turba/turba-h3-2.0.5.tar.gz">http://ftp.horde.org/pub/turba/turba-h3-2.0.5.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Horde Turba Multiple HTML Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4242</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15802, December 12, 2005
Horde Project Horde Application Framework 3.0-3.0.7	<p>HTML injection vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of unspecified input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/horde/horde-3.0.8.tar.gz">ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/horde/horde-3.0.8.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Horde Application Framework HTML Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4190</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17970, December 12, 2005
Horde Project Kronolith 2.0.5, 2.0.4	<p>HTML injection vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the calendar name and certain event data fields, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/kronolith/kronolith-h3-2.0.6.tar.gz">ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/kronolith/kronolith-h3-2.0.6.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Horde Kronolith HTML Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4189</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17971, December 12, 2005
Horde Project Nag 2.0-2.0.3, 1.1-1.1.3	<p>HTML injection vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of certain tasklist names and task</p>	Horde Nag Remote HTML Injection	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15804, December 12, 2005

	<p>data fields, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/nag/nag-h3-2.0.4.tar.gz">ftp://ftp.horde.org/pub/nag/nag-h3-2.0.4.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<a href="#">CVE-2005-4191</a>		
<p>IPsec-Tools</p> <p>IPsec-Tools0.6-0.6.2, 0.5-0.5.2</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle exceptional conditions when in 'AGGRESSIVE' mode.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/ipsec-tools/ipsec-tools-0.6.3.tar.bz2?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/ipsec-tools/ipsec-tools-0.6.3.tar.bz2?download</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/ipsec-tools/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/i/ipsec-tools/</a></p> <p><b>Gentoo:</b>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-04.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-04.xml</a></p> <p>Vulnerability can be reproduced with the PROTOS IPsec Test Suite.</p>	<p>IPsec-Tools  ISA KMP IKE  Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3732</a></p>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15523, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-221-1, December 01, 2005</p> <p><b>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-04, December 12, 2005</b></p>
<p>Mike Neuman</p> <p>osh 1.7</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in 'main.c' due to an error when handling environment variable substitutions, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary with superuser privileges.</p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/o/osh/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/o/osh/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Mike Neuman  OSH Remote Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3346</a></p>	High	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17527, November 9, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 918-1, December 9, 2005</b></p>
<p>Mike Neuman</p> <p>osh 1.7</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability exists in 'main.c' due to insufficient bounds checking in the 'iopen()' function, which could let a remote malicious</p>	<p>Mike Neuman  OSH Command Line Argument Buffer Overflow</p>	High	<p>Secunia Advisory, SA14159, February 8, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security</b></p>

	<p>user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/o/osh/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/o/osh/</a></p> <p>An exploit script has been published.</p>	<p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3533</a></p>		<p><b>Advisory, DSA 918-1, December 9, 2005</b></p>
<p>Mozilla.org Firefox 0.x, 1.x</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to an error because untrusted events generated by web content are delivered to the browser user interface; a vulnerability was reported because scripts in XBL controls can be executed even when JavaScript has been disabled; a vulnerability was reported because remote malicious users can execute arbitrary code by tricking the user into using the 'Set As Wallpaper' context menu on an image URL that is really a javascript; a vulnerability was reported in the 'Install Trigger.install()' function due to an error in the callback function, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; a vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling 'data:' URL that originates from the sidebar, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; an input validation vulnerability was reported in the 'InstallVersion.compareTo()' function when handling unexpected JavaScript objects, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; a vulnerability was reported because it is possible for a remote malicious user to steal information and possibly execute arbitrary code by using standalone applications such as Flash and QuickTime to open a javascript: URL; a vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling DOM node names with different namespaces,</p>	<p>Firefox Multiple Vulnerabilities</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2260</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2261</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2262</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2263</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2264</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2265</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2267</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2269</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2270</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16043, July 13, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:120, July 13, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-14, July 15, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-17, July 18, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-603 &amp; 605, July 20, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:586-11, July 21, 2005</p> <p>Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-203-01, July 22, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#652366</a></p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#996798</a></p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notices, USN-155-1 &amp; 155-2 July 26 &amp; 28, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notices, USN-157-1 &amp; 157-2 August 1 &amp; 2, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:045, August 11, 2005</p>

which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported due to insecure cloning of base objects, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.

Updates available at:  
<http://www.mozilla.org/products/firefox/>

Gentoo:  
<ftp://security.gentoo.org/glsa/>

Mandriva:  
<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

Fedora:  
<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates>

RedHat:  
<http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-586.html>

Slackware:  
<http://slackware.com/security/viewer.php?l=slackware-security&y=2005&m=slackware-security.418880>

Ubuntu:  
<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/e/epiphany-browser/>

<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/e/enigmail/>

<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mozilla-thunderbird/>

SUSE:  
<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

Debian:  
<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m>

Debian Security Advisory, DSA 775-1, August 15, 2005

SGI Security Advisory, 20050802-01-U, August 15, 2005

Debian Security Advisory, DSA 777-1, August 17, 2005

Debian Security Advisory, DSA 779-1, August 20, 2005

Debian Security Advisory, DSA 781-1, August 23, 2005

Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-24, August 26, 2005

Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:127-1, August 26, 2005

Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-085-01, August 28, 2005

Debian Security Advisory, DSA 779-2, September 1, 2005

Debian Security Advisory, DSA 810-1, September 13, 2005

Fedora Legacy Update Advisory, FLSA:160202, September 14, 2005

HP Security Bulletin, HPSBOV01229, September 19, 2005

HP Security Bulletin, HPSBUX01230, October 3, 2005

Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-155-3, October 04, 2005

[/mozilla-firefox/](#)

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla/>

SGI:

<ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/>

Gentoo:

<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-24.xml>

Slackware:

<ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/>

Debian:

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla-firefox/>

Debian:

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/m/mozilla/>

Fedora:

<http://download.fedoralegacy.org/fedora/>

HP:

[http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bizsupport/TechSupport/Document.jsp?objectID=PSD\\_HPSBOV01229](http://h20000.www2.hp.com/bizsupport/TechSupport/Document.jsp?objectID=PSD_HPSBOV01229)

HP:

<http://www.hp.com/products1/unix/java/mozilla/index.html>

Ubuntu:

<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/m/mozilla-locale-da/>

Sun:

<http://sunsolve.sun.com/search/document.do?assetkey=1-26-101952-1>

SUSE:

<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

**Mandriva:**

Sun(sm) Alert  
Notification  
Sun Alert ID: 101952,  
October 17, 2005

SUSE Security  
Summary Report,  
SUSE-SR:2005:028,  
December 2, 2005

**Mandriva Linux  
Security Advisory,  
MDKSA-2005:226,  
December 12, 2005**

<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

Exploits have been published.

Multiple Vendors

Xpdf 3.0 pl2 & pl3, 3.0 1, 3.00, 2.0-2.03, 1.0 0, 1.0 0a, 0.90-0.93; RedHat Fedora Core4, Core3, Enterprise Linux WS 4, WS 3, WS 2.1 IA64, WS 2.1, ES 4, ES 3, ES 2.1 IA64, 2.1, Enterprise Linux AS 4, AS 3, 2.1 IA64, 2.1, Desktop 4.0, 3.0, Advanced Workstation for the Itanium Processor 2.1 IA64, 2.1; teTeX 2.0.1, 2.0; Poppler poppler 0.4.2; KDE kpdf 0.5, KOffice 1.4.2 ; PDFTOHTML DFTOHTML 0.36

Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a heap-based buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'DCTStream::read BaselineSOF()' function in 'xpdf/Stream.cc' when copying data from a PDF file, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code; a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'DCTStream::read ProgressiveSOF()' function in 'xpdf/Stream.cc' when copying data from a PDF file, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code; a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in the 'StreamPredictor::StreamPredictor()' function in 'xpdf/Stream.cc' when using the 'numComps' value to calculate the memory size, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported in the 'JPXStream::readCodestream()' function in 'xpdf/JPXStream.cc' when using the 'nXTiles' and 'nYTiles' values from a PDF file to copy data from the file into allocated memory, which could let a remote malicious user potentially execute arbitrary code.

Patches available at:

<ftp://ftp.foolabs.com/pub/xpdf/xpdf-3.01pl1.patch>

Fedora:

<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/>

RedHat:

Xpdf Buffer Overflows

[CVE-2005-3191](#)  
[CVE-2005-3192](#)  
[CVE-2005-3193](#)

High

iDefense Security Advisory, December 5, 2005

Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1121 & 1122, December 6, 2005

RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:840-5, December 6, 2005

**KDE Security Advisory, advisory-20051207-1, December 7, 2005**

**SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:029, December 9, 2005**

**Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-227-1, December 12, 2005**

	<p><a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-840.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-840.html</a></p> <p><b>KDE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.kde.org/pub/kde/">ftp://ftp.kde.org/pub/kde/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b> <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'net/ipv6/udp.c' due to an infinite loop error in the 'udp_v6_get_port()' function.</p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel IPV6 Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2973</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17261, October 21, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1007 &amp; 1013, October 20, 2005</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15156, October 31, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.15</p>	<p>An integer overflow vulnerability has been reported in 'INVALIDATE_INODE_PAGES2' which could lead to a Denial of Service and possibly execution of arbitrary code.</p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel Integer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3808</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1138, December 13, 2005</p>

	<p><a href="http://linux/core/updates/4/">linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p>A Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>phpMyAdmin 2.7.0-beta1, 2.6.4-rc1, pl3, pl1, 2.6.3-pl1, 2.6.2-rc1, 2.6.2, 2.6.1-pl3, 2.6.1-pl1, 2.6.1-rc1, 2.6.1, 2.6.0-pl3, 2.6.0-pl2, 2.6.0-pl1, 2.5.7-pl1, 2.5.7, 2.5.6-rc1, 2.5.5-pl1, 2.5.5-rc2, 2.5.5-rc1, 2.5.5, phpMyAdmin phpMyAdmin 2.5.0-2.5.4, 2.4.0, 2.3.2, 2.3.1, 2.2-2.2.6, 2.1-2.1.2, 2.0-2.0.5</p>	<p>Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities have been reported in the 'HTTP_HOST' variable and certain scripts in the libraries directory due to insufficient sanitization before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0.tar.gz">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0.tar.gz</a></p> <p><b>Gentoo:</b>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-03.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-03.xml</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>PHPMyAdmin Multiple Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cveghana/cve?id=CVE-2005-3665">CVE-2005-3665</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>phpMyAdmin security announcement PMASA-2005-8, December 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-03, December 12, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>RedHat Enterprise Linux WS 3, ES 3, AS 3, Desktop 3.0; Linux kernel 2.4-2.4.28</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the 'find_target' function due to a failure to properly handle unexpected conditions when attempting to handle a NULL return value from another function.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.4/linux-2.4.29.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.4/linux-2.4.29.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Find_Target Local Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cveghana/cve?id=CVE-2005-2553">CVE-2005-2553</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14965, September 28, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory. DSA 921-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>SuSE Linux Enterprise Server 9, Linux 9.3 x86_64; Linux kernel 2.6.11, 2.6.8, 2.6.5</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in 'ptrace' 64-bit platforms, which could let a malicious user access kernel memory pages.</p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 64 Bit PTrace Kernel Memory Access</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1763</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:029, June 9, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>SuSE Linux Professional 9.0, x86_64; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12, 2.5 .0- 2.5.69, 2.4-2.4.32</p>	<p>An unspecified Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when stack fault exceptions are triggered.</p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Stack Fault Exceptions Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1767</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, 14467, August 3, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:044, August 4, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-187-1, September 25, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisories, DSA 921-1 &amp; 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>SuSE Linux</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the XFRM network architecture code due</p>	<p>Linux Kernel XFRM Array Index Buffer</p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Focus, 14477, August 5, 2005</p>

<p>Professional 9.3, x86_64, 9.2, x86_64, Linux Personal 9.3, x86_64; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12</p>	<p>to insufficient validation of user-supplied input, which could let a malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/">http://www.kernel.org/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2456</a></p>		<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisories, DSA 921-1 &amp; 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0, Linux Personal 10.0 OSS; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.15</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a race condition in 'do_coredump'.</p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel do_coredump Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3527</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux 2.2; Positive Software Corporation CP+ 2.5-2.5.4</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in CP+ (cpplus), which potentially could let a remote malicious user cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://cpplus.info/feature_25.html">http://cpplus.info/feature_25.html</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Positive Software Corporation CP+ Unspecified Perl Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4261</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17975, December 12, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Bugfix Advisory, 2005-0068, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux 3.0, 2.2, Secure Enterprise Linux 2.0, SuSE Novell Linux Desktop 9.0, Linux Professional 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Personal 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Enterprise Server for S/390 9.0, Linux Enterprise Server 9; 2.6-2.6.12.4</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle malformed compressed files.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz">http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel ZLib Null Pointer Dereference Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2459</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0043, September 2, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 amd64, 4.1 ia64; SuSE Linux 9.3 x86_64, 9.1 x86_64, 9.0 x86_64; Linux kernel 2.6.10, 2.6.8</p>	<p>A Denial of Service has been reported in 'ptrace()' due to insufficient validation of memory addresses.</p> <p>Updates available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/">http://kernel.org/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 'ptrace()' Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-0756</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-137-1, June 08, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:029, June 9, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 921-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12, 2.5.0-2.5.69, 2.4-2.4.32</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the network bridging functionality, which could let a remote malicious user poison the bridge forwarding table.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.11.12.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.11.12.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Network Bridge Information Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3272</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15536, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6.10, 2.6.8</p>	<p>A vulnerability was reported has been reported in the 'mmap()' function because memory maps can be created with a start address after the end address, which could let a malicious user cause a Denial of Service or potentially obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 'MMap()' Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1265</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-137-1, June 08, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Debian Linux 3.1, sparc, s/390, ppc, mipsel, mips, m68k, ia-64, ia-32, hppa, arm, amd64, alpha, 3.0, sparc, s/390, ppc, mipsel, mips, m68k, ia-64, ia-32, hppa, arm, alpha' Courier Mail Server 0.52.1, 0.47, 0.37.3</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the authentication daemon because access is granted to accounts that are already deactivated, which could let a remote malicious user obtain unauthorized access.</p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/c/courier/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/c/courier/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/c/courier/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/c/courier/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Courier Mail Server Unauthorized Access</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3532</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 917-1, December 8, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-226-1, December 09, 2005</p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux Kernel 2.4, 2.6</p>	<p>A race condition vulnerability has been reported in ia32 emulation, that could let local malicious users obtain root privileges or create a buffer overflow.</p> <p>Patch Available:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/">http://kernel.org/pub/</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel Race Condition and Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1768</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Focus, 14205, July 11, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0036, July 14, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announce-</p>

	<p><a href="http://linux.kernel/v2.4/testing/patch-2.4.32-pre1.bz2">linux/kernel/v2.4/testing/patch-2.4.32-pre1.bz2</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>		<p>ment, SUSE-SA:2005:044, August 4, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 921-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6 prior to 2.6.12.1</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'restore_sigcontext()' function due to a failure to restrict access to the 'ar.rsc' register, which could let a malicious user cause a Denial of Service or obtain elevated privileges.</p> <p>Updates available at: <a href="http://www.kernel.org/">http://www.kernel.org/</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="http://www.novell.com/linux/security/advisories/2005_44_kernel.html">http://www.novell.com/linux/security/advisories/2005_44_kernel.html</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 64 Bit 'AR-RSC' Register Access</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1761</a></p>	<p>Medium</p> <p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1014275, June 23, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:044, August 4, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisories, DSA 921-1 &amp; 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

	any exploits for this vulnerability.			
Multiple Vendors  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.11	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the '/sys' file system due to a mismanagement of integer signedness, which could let a malicious user cause a Denial of Service and potentially execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>SuSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/linux-source-2.6.8.1/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Linux Kernel SYSFS_Write_ File Local Integer Overflow  <a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvehandler.cgi?id=2005-0867">CVE-2005-0867</a>	<b>High</b>	<p>Security Focus, 13091, April 11, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:366-19, April 19, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:044, August 4, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:218, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
Multiple Vendors  Linux Kernel 2.4.x, 2.6 prior to 2.6.11.11	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the Linux kernel in the Radionet Open Source Environment (ROSE) implementation in the 'rose_rt_ioctl()' function due to insufficient validation of a new routes' ndigis argument. The impact was not specified.</p> <p>Updates available at: <a href="http://linux.bkbits.net:8080/linux-2.4/cset@41e2cf515TpixcVQ8q8HvQvCv9E6zA">http://linux.bkbits.net:8080/linux-2.4/cset@41e2cf515TpixcVQ8q8HvQvCv9E6zA</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p>	Linux Kernel Radionet Open Source Environment (ROSE) ndigis Input Validation  <a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvehandler.cgi?id=2005-3273">CVE-2005-3273</a>	Not Specified	<p>Security Tracker Alert, 1014115, June 7, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219, &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p>

	<p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6.10, 2.6, -test1-test11, 2.6.1-2.6.12; RedHat Desktop 3.0, Enterprise Linux WS 3, ES 3, AS 3</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported on 64-bit platform due to a flaw in offset handling for the extended attribute file system code.</p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-294.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-294.html</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 64 Bit EXT3 Filesystem Extended Attribute Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-0757</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:294-29, May 18, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 921-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6.10, 2.6, -test9-CVS, -test1-test11, 2.6.1-2.6.9; RedHat Desktop 4.0, Enterprise Linux WS 4, ES 4, AS 4</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the 'fib_seq_start' function in 'fib_hash.c.'</p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-366.html</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 'Fib_Seq_Start' Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1041</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:366-19, April 19, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-131-1, May 23, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6.10-2.6.15</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a memory leak in the kernel file lock lease code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.3.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.3.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p><b>Trustix:</b> <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel File Lock Lease Local Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3807</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0070, December 9, 2005</b></p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6.8, 2.6.10</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the EXT2/EXT3 file systems, which could let a remote malicious user bypass access controls.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel EXT2/EXT3 File Access Bypass</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2801</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14792, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:219, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 921-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6.8, 2.6.10</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the 'ipt_recent' module when specially crafted packets are sent.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel 'Ipt_recent' Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2872</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14791, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6.8-2.6.10, 2.4.21</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a buffer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'msg_control' when copying 32 bit contents, which could let a malicious user obtain root privileges and execute arbitrary code; and a vulnerability was reported in the 'raw_sendmsg()' function, which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information or cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora">http://download.fedora</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel Buffer Overflow, Information Disclosure, &amp; Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2490</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2492</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16747, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0049, September 16, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-905 &amp; 906, September 22, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:663-19, September 28, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory,</p>

	<p><a href="http://redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-663.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>		<p>MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .3, 2.4-2.4.32</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'IP_VS_CONN_FLUSH' due to a NULL pointer dereference.</p> <p>Kernel versions 2.6.13 and 2.4.32-pre2 are not affected by this issue.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3274</a></p>	<p>Low</p> <p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15528, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12, 2.4-2.4.31</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a design error in the kernel.</p> <p>The vendor has released versions 2.6.13 and 2.4.32-rc1 of the kernel to address this issue.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3275</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.13.1</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to an omitted call to the 'sockfd_put()' function in the 32-bit compatible 'routing_ioctl()' function.</p> <p>Fixed version (2.6.13.2), available at: <a href="http://kernel.org">http://kernel.org/</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel routing_ioctl() Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3044</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1014944, September 21, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-187-1, September 25, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219, 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a memory leak</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Denial of Service &amp; Information</p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17114, October 12, 2005</p>

	<p>in '/security/keys/request_key_auth.c;' a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a memory leak in '/fs/namei.c' when the 'CONFIG_AUDITSYSCALL' option is enabled; and a vulnerability was reported because the orinoco wireless driver fails to pad data packets with zeroes when increasing the length, which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Patches available at:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.14-rc4.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.14-rc4.bz2</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3119</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3180</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3181</a></p>	<p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0057, October 14, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1013, October 20, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:808-14, October 27, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.14</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when handling asynchronous USB access via usbdevio; and a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the 'ipt_recent.c' netfilter module due to an error</p>	<p>Linux Kernel USB Subsystem Denials of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2873</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3055</a></p>	<p>Low</p> <p>Secunia Advisory: SA16969, September 27, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:514-46, October 5, 2005</p>

	<p>in jiffies comparison.</p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-514.html</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>		<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux Kernel 2.6-2.6.14</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the 'sys_set_mempolicy' function when a malicious user submits a negative first argument; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when threads are sharing memory mapping via 'CLONE_VM'; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in 'fs/exec.c' when one thread is tracing another thread that shares the same memory map; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in 'mm/ioremap.c' when performing a lookup of a non-existent page; a Denial of Service vulnerability was reported in the HFS and HFS+ (hfsplus) modules; and a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a race condition in 'ebtables.c' when running on a SMP system that is operating under a heavy load.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p>	<p>Multiple Vendors Linux Kernel Denials of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3053</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3106</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3107</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3108</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3109</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3110</a></p>	<p>Low</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-199-1, October 10, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0057, October 14, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:808-14, October 27, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005: 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>

	<p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-808.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel  2.6-2.6.14, 2.5.0-2.5.69, 2.4-2.4.32, 2.3, 2.3.x, 2.3.99, pre1-pre7, 2.2-2.2.27, 2.1, 2.1.x, 2.1.89, 2.0.28-2.0.39</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to the way console keyboard mapping is handled, which could let a malicious user modify the console keymap to include scripted macro commands.</p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Fedora:</b>  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Console Keymap Arbitrary Command Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3257</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15122, October 17, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1138, December 13, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel  2.6-2.6.14; SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, Linux Personal 10.0 OSS; RedHat Fedora Core4</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in 'ptrace.c' when 'CLONE_THREAD' is used due to a missing check of the thread's group ID when trying to determine whether the process is attempting to attach to itself.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.2.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.2.tar.bz2</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel PTrace 'CLONE_THREAD' Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3783</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17761, November 29, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1104, November 28, 2005</p> <p>SuSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security</b></p>

	<p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			<p><b>Announcement,</b>  <b>SUSE-SA:2005:068,</b>  <b>December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel  2.6-2.6.15</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the 'time_out_leases()' function because 'printk()' can consume large amounts of kernel log space.</p> <p>Patches available at:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.15-rc3.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.15-rc3.bz2</a></p> <p><b>Trustix:</b>  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>An exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel  PrintK Local  Denial of  Service</p> <p><a href="http://www.cve.org/CVE-2005-3857">CVE-2005-3857</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq  ID: 15627, November 29, 2005</p> <p><b>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory,</b>  <b>TLSA-2005-0070,</b>  <b>December 9, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Linux kernel  2.6-2.6.15; SuSE  Linux Professional  10.0 OSS, Linux  Personal 10.0 OSS;  RedHat Fedora  Core4</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported because processes are improperly auto-reaped when they are being ptraced.</p> <p>Patches available at:  <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.15-rc3.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/testing/patch-2.6.15-rc3.bz2</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p><b>Trustix:</b>  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel  PTraced Denial  of Service</p> <p><a href="http://www.cve.org/CVE-2005-3784">CVE-2005-3784</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq  ID: 15625, November 29, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update  Notification,  FEDORA-2005-1104,  November 28, 2005</p> <p>SuSE Security  Announcement,  SUSE-SA:2005:067,  December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory,</b>  <b>TLSA-2005-0070,</b>  <b>December 9, 2005</b></p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement,</b>  <b>SUSE-SA:2005:068,</b>  <b>December 14, 2005</b></p>

	Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.			
Multiple Vendors MandrakeSoft Multi Network Firewall 2.0, Linux Mandrake 2006.0 x86_64, 2006.0, 10.2 x86_64, 10.2, Corporate Server 3.0 x86_64, 3.0; GNU wget 1.10; Daniel Stenberg curl 7.14.1, 7.13.1, 7.13, 7.12.1- 7.12.3, 7.11- 7.11.2, 7.10.6- 7.10.8	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient validation of user-supplied NTLM user name data, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>WGet: <a href="http://ftp.gnu.org/pub/gnu/wget/wget-1.10.2.tar.gz">http://ftp.gnu.org/pub/gnu/wget/wget-1.10.2.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Daniel Stenberg: <a href="http://curl.haxx.se/libcurl-ntlmbuf.patch">http://curl.haxx.se/libcurl-ntlmbuf.patch</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/c/curl/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/c/curl/</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-19.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-19.xml</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-807.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-807.html</a></p> <p><a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-812.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-812.html</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Slackware:</p>	Multiple Vendor WGet/Curl NTLM Username Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3185</a>	High	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015056, October 13, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisories, MDKSA-2005:182 &amp; 183, October 13, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-205-1, October 14, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications FEDORA-2005-995 &amp; 996, October 17, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-1000, October 18, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0059, October 21, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory. GLSA 200510-19, October 22, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisories, RHSA-2005:807-6 &amp; RHSA-2005:812-5, November 2, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005</p> <p>Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-310-01, November 7, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisor, DSA 919-1, December 12, 2005</b></p>

	<p><a href="ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/">ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/c/curl/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/c/curl/</a></p> <p><b>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</b></p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0 OSS; Linux kernel 2.6.10-2.6.14</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a race condition error in the handling of POSIX timer cleanup routines.</p> <p>Linux kernel versions subsequent to 2.6.14 are not vulnerable to this issue.</p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel POSIX Timer Cleanup Handling Local Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvehandler.cgi?id=2005-3805">CVE-2005-3805</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>SuSE Linux Professional 10.0 OSS, 10.0, Personal 10.0 OSS; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.13, Linux kernel 2.4-2.4.32</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in FlowLable.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2">http://kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.14.tar.bz2</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel IPv6 FlowLable Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvehandler.cgi?id=2005-3806">CVE-2005-3806</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15729, December 6, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6.8, rc1&amp;rc2</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling UDP packets received by SNMPD due to a NULL pointer dereference.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/">http://www.mandriva.com/security/</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel SNMP Handler Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="http://cve.mitre.org/cgi-bin/cvehandler.cgi?id=2005-2548">CVE-2005-2548</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:219, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

	<p><a href="#">advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.8</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a resource leak when handling POSIX timers in the 'exec()' function.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.9.tar.bz2">http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.9.tar.bz2</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b>  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Resource Leak Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3271</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218 &amp; 219, November 30, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:067, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32; Linux kernel 2.6.10, rc2, 2.6.8, rc1</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the kernel driver for compressed ISO file systems when attempting to mount a malicious compressed ISO image.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel ISO File System Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2457</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-169-1, August 19, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:218, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement,</b></p>

	<p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			<p><b>SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4 powerpc, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32;  Trustix Secure Linux 3.0, 2.2,  Trustix Secure Enterprise Linux 2.0;  SuSE Novell Linux Desktop 9.0, Linux Professional 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Personal 9.3 x86_64, 9.3, 9.2 x86_64, 9.2, 9.1 x86_64, 9.1, Linux Enterprise Server 9;  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .4</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to handle exceptional conditions.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz">http://www.kernel.org/pub/linux/kernel/v2.6/linux-2.6.12.5.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel ZLib Invalid Memory Access Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2458</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:050, September 1, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0043, September 2, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:171, October 3, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.0 4, i386, amd64, 4.1 ppc, ia64, ia32;  Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.13</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the '/proc/scsi/sg/devices' file due to a memory leak.</p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p>	<p>Linux Kernel SCSI ProcFS Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2800</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14790, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-178-1, September 09, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219, &amp; 220, November 30,</p>

	<p><a href="http://com/security/advisories">com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>A Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>			<p>2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:068, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Ubuntu Linux 5.10 powerpc, i386, amd64; Linux kernel 2.6-2.6.12 .3</p>	<p>An information disclosure vulnerability has been reported in 'SYS_GET_THREAD_AREA,' which could let a malicious user obtain sensitive information.</p> <p>Kernel versions 2.6.12.4 and 2.6.13 are not affected by this issue.</p> <p>Ubuntu: <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/l/</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Debian:</b> <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/k/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Linux Kernel Information Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3276</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-219-1, November 22, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisories, MDKSA-2005:218, 219 &amp; 220, November 30, 2005</p> <p><b>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 922-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>
<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Webmin 0.88 -1.230, 0.85, 0.76-0.80, 0.51, 0.42, 0.41, 0.31, 0.22, 0.21, 0.8.5 Red Hat, 0.8.4, 0.8.3, 0.1-0.7; Usermin 1.160, 1.150, 1.140, 1.130, 1.120, 1.110, 1.0, 0.9-0.99, 0.4-0.8; Larry Wall Perl 5.8.3-5.8.7, 5.8.1, 5.8.0-88.3, 5.8, 5.6.1, 5.6, 5.0 05_003, 5.0 05, 5.0 04_05, 5.0 04_04, 5.0 04, 5.0 03</p>	<p>A format string vulnerability has been reported in 'Perl_sv_vcatpvfnl' due to a failure to properly handle format specifiers in formatted printing functions, which could let a remote malicious user cause a Denial of Service.</p> <p>Webmin: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/webadmin">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/webadmin</a></p> <p>Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates</a></p> <p>OpenPKG: <a href="http://www.openpkg">http://www.openpkg</a></p>	<p>Perl 'miniserv.pl' script Format String</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3912</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3962</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15629, November 29, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1113, 1116, &amp; 1117, December 1 &amp; 2, 2005</p> <p>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.025, December 3, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:223, December 2, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice,</p>

[org/security.html](http://www.mandriva.com/security.html)

Mandriva:

<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

Ubuntu:

<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/perl/>

Gentoo:

<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-01.xml>

<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-02.xml>

Mandriva:

<http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories>

SUSE:

<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

Trustix:

<http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/>

Ubuntu:

<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/perl/>

Fedora:

<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/>

An exploit has been published.

USN-222-1 December 02, 2005, December 2, 2005

Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-01 & 200512-02, December 7, 2005

[US-CERT VU#948385](#)

**Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:225, December 8, 2005**

**SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:029, December 9, 2005**

**Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0070, December 9, 2005**

**Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-222-2, December 12, 2005**

**Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1144 & 1145, December 14, 2005**

MySQL Auction MySQL Auction 3.0	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the 'keyword' parameter when performing a search, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	MySQL Auction Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4237</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA18006, December 14, 2005
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<p>Openswan</p> <p>Openswan 2.2-2.4, 2.1.4-2.1.6, 2.1.2, 2.1.1</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when handling IKE packets that have an invalid 3DES key length; and a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported when handling certain specially crafted IKE packets.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.openswan.org/download/openswan-2.4.2.tar.gz">http://www.openswan.org/download/openswan-2.4.2.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Astaro Security Linux:  <a href="http://www.astaro.org/showflat.php?Cat=&amp;Board=UBB1&amp;Number=63678&amp;Forum=All_Forums&amp;Words=4.028&amp;Searchpage=0&amp;Limit=25&amp;Main=63678&amp;Search=true&amp;where=bodysub&amp;Name=&amp;daterange=1&amp;newerval=1&amp;newertype=m&amp;olderval=&amp;oldertype=&amp;bodyprev=#Post63678">http://www.astaro.org/showflat.php?Cat=&amp;Board=UBB1&amp;Number=63678&amp;Forum=All_Forums&amp;Words=4.028&amp;Searchpage=0&amp;Limit=25&amp;Main=63678&amp;Search=true&amp;where=bodysub&amp;Name=&amp;daterange=1&amp;newerval=1&amp;newertype=m&amp;olderval=&amp;oldertype=&amp;bodyprev=#Post63678</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p> <p><b>Gentoo:</b>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-04.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-04.xml</a></p> <p>Vulnerabilities can be reproduced using the PROTON ISAKMP Test Suite.</p>	<p>Openswan IKE Message Remote Denials of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3671</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>CERT-FI &amp; NISCC Joint Vulnerability Advisory, November 15, 2005</p> <p>Astaro Security Linux Update, November 16, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1092 &amp; 1093, November 21, 2005</p> <p><b>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-04, December 12, 2005</b></p>
<p>OpenVPN</p> <p>OpenVPN 2.0-2.0.2</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a format string vulnerability was reported in 'options.c' when handling command options in the 'foreign_option()' function, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code; and a remote Denial of Service vulnerability was reported due to a NULL pointer dereferencing error in the OpenVPN server when running in TCP mode.</p>	<p>OpenVPN Client Remote Format String &amp; Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3393</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3409</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17376, November 1, 2005</p> <p>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.023, November 2, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security</p>

	<p>Updates available at:  <a href="http://openvpn.net/download.html">http://openvpn.net/download.html</a></p> <p>OpenPKG:  <a href="ftp://ftp.openpkg.org/release/">ftp://ftp.openpkg.org/release/</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/o/openvpn/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/o/openvpn/</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-07.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-07.xml</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Mandriva:</b>  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p><b>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</b></p>		<p>Advisory,  DSA 885-1, November 7, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200511-07, November 7, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory,  MDKSA-2005:206, November 8, 2005</p> <p><b>Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:206-1, December 9, 2005</b></p>
<p>phpMyAdmin  phpMyAdmin 2.7.0-beta1, 2.7</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the register_globals emulation layer in 'grab_globals.php' because the 'import_blacklist' variable is not properly protected, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code and include arbitrary files.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0-pl1.tar.gz">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpmyadmin/phpMyAdmin-2.7.0-pl1.tar.gz</a></p> <p><b>Gentoo:</b>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-03.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-03.xml</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>PHPMyAdmin 'Import_Blacklist' Variable Overwrite  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4079</a></p>	<p>Medium</p> <p>Secunia Advisory: SA17925, December 7, 2005</p> <p><b>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-03, December 12, 2005</b></p>

<p>SCO Unixware 7.1.4, 7.1.3</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in 'UIDAdmin' when processing excessive data, which could let a malicious user obtain superuser privileges.</p> <p>Updates available at: <a href="ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.54/SCOSA-2005.54.txt">ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.54/SCOSA-2005.54.txt</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>SCO UnixWare Buffer Overflow <a href="#">CVE-2005-3903</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>SCO Security Advisory, SCOSA-2005.54, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Scout Portal Toolkit Scout Portal Toolkit 1.3.1</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and an SQL injection vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proofs of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	<p>Scout Portal Toolkit Cross-Site Scripting &amp; SQL Injection <a href="#">CVE-2005-4195</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4196</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15818, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Sun Microsystems, Inc. Solaris 10.0 _x86, 10.0</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported when running Sun Update Connection Services due to an unspecified error which could let a malicious user obtain knowledge of the configured web proxy password.</p> <p>Patches available: <a href="http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102090-1">http://sunsolve.sun.com/searchproxy/document.do?assetkey=1-26-102090-1</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Sun Solaris Sun Update Connection Web Proxy Password Disclosure <a href="#">CVE-2005-4133</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Sun(sm) Alert Notification Sun Alert ID: 102090, December 7, 2005</p>

<p>University of Washington</p> <p>UW-imapd imap-2004c1</p>	<p>A buffer overflow has been reported in UW-imapd that could let remote malicious users cause a Denial of Service or execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Upgrade to version imap-2004g: <a href="ftp://ftp.cac.washington.edu/imap/">ftp://ftp.cac.washington.edu/imap/</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/u/uw-imap/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/u/uw-imap/</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-10.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-10.xml</a></p> <p>SUSE: <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Slackware: <a href="ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/">ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/</a></p> <p>Conectiva: <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a></p> <p>RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-848.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-848.html</a></p> <p><a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-850.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-850.html</a></p> <p><b>Fedora:</b> <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a></p>	<p>UW-imapd Denial of Service and Arbitrary Code Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2933</a></p>	<p><b>High</b></p>	<p>Secunia, Advisory: SA17062, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0055, October 7, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 861-1, October 11, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200510-10, October 11, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#933601</a></p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:023, October 14, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:189 &amp; 194, October 21 &amp; 26, 2005</p> <p>Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-310-06, November 7, 2005</p> <p>Conectiva Linux Announcement, CLSA-2005:1046, November 21, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:848-6 &amp; 850-5, December 6, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1112 &amp; 1115, December 8, 2005</p>
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	Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.			
Zope Zope 2.6-2.8.1	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in 'docutils' due to an unspecified error and affects all instances which exposes 'Restructured Text' functionality via the web. The impact was not specified.</p> <p>Hotfix available at:  <a href="http://www.zope.org/Products/Zope/Hotfix_2005-10-09/security_alert/Hot_fix_2005-10-09.tar.gz">http://www.zope.org/Products/Zope/Hotfix_2005-10-09/security_alert/Hot_fix_2005-10-09.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Gentoo:  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-20.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200510-20.xml</a></p> <p>SUSE:  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>Debian:  <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/z/zope2.7/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/z/zope2.7/</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b>  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/z/zope2.8/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/z/zope2.8/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	Zope 'Restructured Text' Unspecified Security Vulnerability  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3323</a>	Not Specified	<p>Zope Security Alert, October 12, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200510-20, October 25, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:027, November 18, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 910-1, November 24, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-229-1, December 13, 2005</b></p>

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Multiple Operating Systems - Windows / UNIX / Linux / Other				
Vendor & Software Name	Vulnerability - Impact Patches - Workarounds Attack Scripts	Common Name / CVE Reference	Risk	Source
Acme Software PerlCal 2.99.30, 2.99.20, 2.99	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'Cal_make.PL' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'p0' parameter before displaying input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary	ACME Perl-Cal Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4162</a>	Medium	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015332, December 8, 2005

	<p>HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>			
<p>Apache Software Foundation</p> <p>James 2.2</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to an error condition in the spooler.</p> <p>The vendor has addressed this issue in the CVS. Users are advised to contact the vendor for further information.</p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Apache James Spooler Memory Leak Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2004-2650</a></p>	Low	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15765, December 7, 2005</p>
<p>Apache Software Foundation</p> <p>Apache prior to 1.3.35-dev, 2.0.56-dev</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in the 'Referer' directive in 'mod_ldap' due to insufficient sanitization before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>The vulnerability has been fixed in version 1.3.35-dev, and 2.0.56-dev.</p> <p>OpenPKG:  <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/security/OpenPKG-SA-2005.029-apache.html">http://www.openpkg.org/security/OpenPKG-SA-2005.029-apache.html</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Apache mod_ldap Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3352</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015344, December 13, 2005</p> <p>OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.029, December 14, 2005</p>
<p>Apani Networks Corporation</p> <p>EpiForce Agent 1.9 &amp; prior</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient validation of Internet Key Exchange (IKE) packets.</p> <p>The vendor has released version 2.0 to address this issue.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Apani Networks EpiForce IPsec IKE Processing Remote Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3670</a></p>	Low	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015340, December 11, 2005</p>
<p>Arab Portal System</p> <p>Arab Portal System 2.0 beta 2</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'link.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'PHPSESSID' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit</p>	<p>Arab Portal SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4221</a></p>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17984, December 13, 2005</p>

	script has been published.			
Blackboard Blackboard Academic Suite 6.0	<p>A Cross-Domain vulnerability has been reported in 'frameset.jsp' due to a design error, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information or hijack sessions.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Blackboard Academic Suite Cross-Domain</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4206</a></p>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17991, December 12, 2005
CFMagic Magic List Professional 2.5, Magic Forum Personal 2.5, Magic Book Professional 2.0	<p>Multiple input validation vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML, script code, and SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploits have been published.</p>	<p>CFMagic Multiple Products Input Validation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4071</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4072</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4073</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15774, December 8, 2005
CFMagic Magic Book Professional 2.0	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of the 'StartRow' parameter before returning the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Magic Book Professional Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4177</a></p>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17982, December 12, 2005
Computer Associates CleverPath Portal 4.7	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in the login page due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Patch available at: <a href="http://supportconnect.ca.com/sc/solcenter/solresults.jsp?aparno=QI70871">http://supportconnect.ca.com/sc/solcenter/solresults.jsp?aparno=QI70871</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>CA CleverPath Portal Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4150</a></p>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA17962, December 9, 2005

<p>Contenido</p> <p>Contenido 4.6.1, 4.6</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.contenido.org/opensourcecms/de/upload/versionen/contenido-4.6.4.zip">http://www.contenido.org/opensourcecms/de/upload/versionen/contenido-4.6.4.zip</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Contenido CMS Remote Command Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4132</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15790, December 9, 2005</p>
<p>CourseForum Technologies</p> <p>ProjectForum 4.7</p>	<p>Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities have been reported in various pages and error messages due to insufficient sanitization, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and a remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported in the 'pageid' parameter due to a boundary error when sending a POST request.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>CourseForum Technologies ProjectForum Cross-Site Scripting &amp; Denial of Service</p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15850, December 14, 2005</p>
<p>Dell TrueMobile 2300 Firmware 5.1.1 .6, 3.0.08</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'apply.cgi' page of the router's web management interface due to an access control error, which could let a remote malicious user bypass authentication.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>A Proof of Concept exploit has been published.</p>	<p>Dell TrueMobile 2300 Remote Authentication Bypass</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3661</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>iDEFENSE Labs Security Advisories, December 7, 2005</p>
<p>DoceboLMS</p> <p>DoceboLMS 2.0.4</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Directory Traversal vulnerability was reported in the 'connector.php' script due to insufficient validation of the 'Type' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information; and an input validation vulnerability was reported in the file upload handling due to insufficient verification of the file extension of valid images, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary PHP code.</p>	<p>DoceboLMS Directory Traversal &amp; File Upload</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4094</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4095</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015308, December 5, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15744 &amp; 15742, December 13, 2005</b></p>

	<p><b>Upgrades available at:</b>  <a href="http://www.docebolms.org/download.php?type=docs&amp;pb=395&amp;id=48">http://www.docebolms.org/download.php?type=docs&amp;pb=395&amp;id=48</a></p> <p><a href="http://www.docebolms.org/download.php?type=docs&amp;pb=321&amp;id=49">http://www.docebolms.org/download.php?type=docs&amp;pb=321&amp;id=49</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>			
<p>DreamLevels  Dream Poll 3.0 final</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'view_results.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>DreamLevels  Dream Poll SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4254</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15849, December 14, 2005</p>
<p>Envolution Software  Envolution</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported in the News module due to insufficient filtering of HTML code, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary scripting code; and an SQL injection vulnerability was reported when a remote malicious user submits specially crafted parameter values, which could lead to the execution of arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	<p>Envolution SQL Injection &amp; Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4262</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4263</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015351, December 13, 2005</p>

<p>Ethereal Group</p> <p>Ethereal 0.10-0.10.13, 0.9-0.9.16, 0.8.19, 0.8.18, 0.8.13-0.8.15, 0.8.5, 0.8, 0.7.7</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'dissect_ospf_v3_address_prefix()' function in the OSPF protocol dissector due to a boundary error when converting received binary data to a human readable string, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Patch available at: <a href="http://anonsvn.ethereal.com/viewcvs/viewcvs.py/trunk/epan/dissectors/packet-ospf.c?rev=16507&amp;view=markup">http://anonsvn.ethereal.com/viewcvs/viewcvs.py/trunk/epan/dissectors/packet-ospf.c?rev=16507&amp;view=markup</a></p> <p>Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/e/ethereal/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/e/ethereal/</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-06.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-06.xml</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>Ethereal OSPF Protocol Dissection Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3651</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>iDefense Security Advisory, December 9, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory DSA 920-1, December 13, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-06, December 14, 2005</p>
<p>EveryAuction</p> <p>EveryAuction 1.53</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'auction.pl' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'searchstring' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>EveryAuction Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4229</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15824, December 13, 2005</p>
<p>FFmpeg</p> <p>FFmpeg 0.4.9-pre1, 0.4.6-0.4.8, FFmpeg CVS</p>	<p>A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'avcodec_default_get_buffer()' function of 'utils.c' in libavcodec due to a boundary error, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Patches available at: <a href="http://www1.mplayerhq.hu/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/ffmpeg/libavcodec/utils.c.diff?cvsroot=FFMpeg&amp;r2=1.162&amp;r1=1.161&amp;f=u">http://www1.mplayerhq.hu/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/ffmpeg/libavcodec/utils.c.diff?cvsroot=FFMpeg&amp;r2=1.162&amp;r1=1.161&amp;f=u</a></p> <p><b>Ubuntu:</b></p>	<p>FFmpeg Remote Buffer Overflow</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4048</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17892, December 6, 2005</p> <p><b>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-230-1, December 14, 2005</b></p>

	<p><a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/f/ffmpeg/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/f/ffmpeg/</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>			
First4Internet CodeSupport	<p>A vulnerability has been reported due to a failure to verify that the source of remote content is from a trusted source before downloading, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p><b>Microsoft:</b> <a href="http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx">http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/Bulletin/MS05-054.mspx</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>First 4 Internet CodeSupport Remote Arbitrary Code Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3650</a></p>	High	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15430, November 15, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#312073</a></p> <p><b>Microsoft Security Bulletin MS05-054, December 13, 2005</b></p>
FlatNuke FlatNuke 2.5.6	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'read' module due to insufficient validation of the 'id' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user obtain elevated privileges and execute arbitrary PHP code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Flatnuke Elevated Privileges &amp; Remote Command Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4208</a></p>	High	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015339, December 11, 2005</p>
Francisco Burzi PHP-Nuke 7.6-7.9, 7.0-7.3	<p>A content filtering bypass vulnerability has been reported which could let a remote malicious user bypass filters and carry out HTML injection and Cross-Site Scripting attacks.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	<p>PHPNuke Content Filtering Bypass</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4260</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15855, December 14, 2005</p>
Hewlett Packard Company OpenView Network Node Manager 7.50 Solaris, 7.50, 6.41 Solaris, 6.41	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'node' URI parameter of the 'OvCgi/connectedNodes.ovpl' script, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary code.</p> <p>Revision 3: Added PHSS_33783. Added preliminary files for OV NNM 7.01, 6.4, 6.2</p> <p>Revision 4: Corrected files are available via ftp:</p>	<p>HP OpenView Network Node Manager Remote Arbitrary Code Execution</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2773</a></p>	High	<p>Portcullis Security Advisory, 05-014, August 25, 2005</p> <p>HP Security Advisory, HPSBMA01224, August 26, 2005</p> <p>HP Security Advisory, HPSBMA01224 REVISION: 3, September 13, 2005</p>

	<p>README_HPSBMA01224_rev1.txt  NNM6.2_HP-UX_CGI_Script_Point_Release_rev1.tar  NNM6.2_HP-UX_CGI_Script_Point_Release_rev1.tar</p> <p>Revision 5: Added PHSS_33842, PSOV_03430, and NNM_01110. Changed revision numbering (6.20, 6.4x instead of 6.2,6.4, 6.40, 6.41).</p> <p>Workaround available at:  <a href="http://support.openview.hp.com/news_archives.jsp">http://support.openview.hp.com/news_archives.jsp</a></p> <p><b>Another exploit script has been published.</b></p>			<p>HP Security Advisory, HPSBMA01224  REVISION: 4, September 19, 2005</p> <p>HP Security Advisory, HPSBMA01224  REVISION: 5, October 4, 2005</p> <p><b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 14662, December 8, 2005</b></p>
<p>Jamit Software  Job Board 2.4.1</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'cat' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Jamit Job Board  SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4232</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory:  SA18007, December 14, 2005</p>
<p>Lars Ellingsen  Guestserver 5.0</p>	<p>A HTML injection vulnerability has been reported in 'GuestServer.cgi' due to insufficient sanitization before using in dynamically generated content, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Guestserver  HTML Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4222</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15821, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Linksys  WRT54GS  4.70.6  (Firmware),  4.50.6  (Firmware),  BEFW11S4 v4,  BEFW11S4 v3,  BEFW11S4  1.44, 1.43.3,  1.4.3, 1.4.2 .7</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling TCP 'LanD' packets.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit scrip has been published.</p>	<p>Multiple Linksys  Routers Remote  Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4257</a></p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15861, December 14, 2005</p>

<p>Lyris List Manager 8.8 a, 8.0, 7.0, 6.0, 5.0</p>	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported in the 'pw' parameter in the web interface when subscribing a new user to the mailing list due to insufficient sanitization before inserting in the processing queue as a command message, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary list administration commands; an SQL query vulnerability was reported in '/read/attachment' due to insufficient sanitization before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; an SQL vulnerability was reported in certain parameters due to insufficient sanitization before used as a column name to the ORDER BY command in a SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; a vulnerability was reported in the MSDE version of ListManager because a weak default password is used for the database after installation, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information; a vulnerability was reported because certain versions allow access to the 'status' module of the 'TCLHTTPd' service, which could let a remote malicious user obtain sensitive information; a vulnerability was reported in the 'TCLHTTPd' service because the source of arbitrary TML scripts on the server can be viewed; and a vulnerability was reported because the entire CGI environment is included into a HTML hidden variable of the error page when a non-existent page is requested.</p> <p>Some of these vulnerabilities have reportedly been fixed in version 8.9b.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Lyris ListManager Multiple Vulnerabilities</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4142</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4143</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4144</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4145</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4146</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4147</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4148</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4149</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17943, December 9, 2005</p>
<p>Macromedia Flash Media Server Professional Edition 2.0, Flash Media Server Origin</p>	<p>A Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported due to an error in the Administration Service (FMSAdmin.exe) when handling received data.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p>	<p>Macromedia Flash Media Server Administration Service Denial of Service</p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15822, December 13, 2005</p>

Edition 2.0, Flash Media Server Edge Edition 2.0, Flash Media Server Developer Edition 2.0	There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit has been published.	<a href="#">CVE-2005-4216</a>		
Mambo  Mambo Site Server 4.0.14, 4.0.12 RC1-RC3, BETA & BETA 2, 4.0.10-4.0.12, 4.0	A remote file include vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary remote PHP code.  The vendor has released a patch addressing this issue. Users are advised to contact the vendor for more information on obtaining the appropriate patch.  <b>Joomla:</b> <a href="http://developer.joomla.org/sf/frs/do/viewRelease/projects.joomla/frs.joomla_1_0.1_0_4">http://developer.joomla.org/sf/frs/do/viewRelease/projects.joomla/frs.joomla_1_0.1_0_4</a>  An exploit script has been published.  Reports indicate that a bot is propagating in the wild by exploiting this vulnerability.	Mambo Open Source Remote File Include  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3738</a>	<b>High</b>	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, November 16, 2005  Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, November 21, 2005  Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, November 24, 2005  Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, December 5, 2005  <b>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15461, December 9, 2005</b>
Mantis  Mantis 1.x	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'view_filters_page.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'target_field' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	Mantis Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4238</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA18018, December 14, 2005
McGALLERY  McGALLERY 2.2, 1.1, 1.0	Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient verification of the 'language' parameter before used to include files, which could let a remote malicious users include arbitrary files; a vulnerability was reported in 'show.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'id,'	mcGALLERYPRO Multiple Vulnerabilities  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4250</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4251</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4252</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15845, December 14, 2005

	<p>'rand,' and 'start' parameters and in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'album' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; and a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of certain parameters when performing a search, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>			
<p>MediaWiki</p> <p>MediaWiki 1.5 alpha1&amp;2, bet1-beta3, 1.4-1.4.10, 1.3.13, 1.3-1.3.11</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in inline style attributes due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/wikipedia/mediawiki-1.4.12.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/wikipedia/mediawiki-1.4.12.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE">ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>MediaWiki HTML Inline Style Attributes Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-3167</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15024, October 6, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:027, November 18, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:029, December 9, 2005</b></p>
<p>MilliScripts</p> <p>MilliScripts 1.4</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'register.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'domainname' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Milliscrpts Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4161</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17997, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Motorola</p> <p>Motorola Cable Modem SB5100E</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling TCP 'LanD' packets.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at</p>	<p>Motorola SB5100E Cable Modem Remote Denial of Service</p>	<p>Low</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15795, December 9, 2005</p>

	time of publishing. There is no exploit code required.	<a href="#">CVE-2005-4215</a>		
Mozilla Firefox 1.5, Netscape Browser 8.0.4; Netscape Browser 8.0.4	A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling large history information. <i>Note: The vendor disputes this claim.</i>  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  A Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	Mozilla History File Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4134</a>	Low	Secunia Advisory: SA17934, December 8, 2005
Multiple Vendors  RedHat Fedora Core4, Core3; PHP 5.0.4, 4.3.9	A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when parsing EXIF image data contained in corrupt JPEG files.  Fedora: <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/</a>  RedHat: <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html</a>  Mandriva: <a href="http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2">http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2</a>  FedoraLegacy: <a href="http://download.fedoralegacy.org/">http://download.fedoralegacy.org/</a>  SGI: <a href="ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/">ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/</a>  OpenPKG: <a href="http://www.openpkg.org/">http://www.openpkg.org/</a>  <b>SUSE:</b> <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a>  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	PHP Group Exif Module Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3353</a>	Low	Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-1061 & 1062, November 8, 2005  RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:831-15, November 10, 2005  Mandriva Linux Security Advisory, MDKSA-2005:213, November 16, 2005  Fedora Legacy Update Advisory, FLSA:166943, November 28, 2005  SGI Security Advisory, 20051101-01-U, November 29, 2005  OpenPKG Security Advisory, OpenPKG-SA-2005.027, December 3, 2005  <b>SuSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:069, December 14, 2005</b>

<p>Multiple Vendors</p> <p>Xoops 2.0.10-2.0.12, 2.0.9 .3, 2.0.9.2, 2.0.5-2.0.5.2, 2.0- 2.0.3; XML-RPC for PHP XML-RPC for PHP 1.1, 1.0.99 .2, 1.0.99, 1.0-1.02; WordPress 1.5-1.5.1 .2, 1.2-1.2.2, 0.71,0.7; S9Y Serendipity 0.8.1, 0.8 -beta6 Snapshot, 0.8 -beta5 &amp; beta6, 0.8; PostNuke Development Team PostNuke 0.76 RC4a&amp;b, RC4, 0.75; phpMyFAQ 1.5 RC1-RC4, 1.5 beta1-beta3, 1.5 alpha1&amp;2, 1.4-1.4.8, 1.4; PEAR XML_RPC 1.3 RC1-RC3, 1.3; MandrakeSoft Linux Mandrake 10.2 x86_64, 10.2, 10.1 x86_64, 10.1, 10.0 amd64, 10.0, Corporate Server 3.0 x86_64, 3.0; Drupal 4.6.1, 4.6, 4.5- 4.5.3</p>	<p>A vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of the 'eval()' call, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary PHP code.</p> <p>Drupal: <a href="http://drupal.org/files/projects/drupal-4.5.4.tar.gz">http://drupal.org/files/projects/drupal-4.5.4.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Mandriva: <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Pear: <a href="http://pear.php.net/get/XML_RPC-1.3.1.tgz">http://pear.php.net/get/XML_RPC-1.3.1.tgz</a></p> <p>PhpMyFaq: <a href="http://freshmeat.net/redirect/38789/url_zip/download.php">http://freshmeat.net/redirect/38789/url_zip/download.php</a></p> <p>S9Y Serendipity: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/php-blog/serendipity-0.8.2.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/php-blog/serendipity-0.8.2.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p>Trustix: <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>WordPress: <a href="http://wordpress.org/latest.zip">http://wordpress.org/latest.zip</a></p> <p>XML-RPC: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpxmlrpc/xmlrpc-1.1.1.tgz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/phpxmlrpc/xmlrpc-1.1.1.tgz?download</a></p> <p>Xoops: <a href="http://www.xoops.org/modules/core/visit.php?cid=3&amp;lid=62">http://www.xoops.org/modules/core/visit.php?cid=3&amp;lid=62</a></p> <p>Gentoo: <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-01.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-01.xml</a>  <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-06.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-06.xml</a></p>	<p>Multiple Vendors XML-RPC for PHP Remote Code Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-1921</a></p>	<p>High</p>	<p>Security Focus, 14088, June 29, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-01, July 3, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notifications, FEDORA-2005-517 &amp; 518, July 5, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-147-1 &amp; USN-147-2, July 05 &amp; 06, 2005</p> <p><a href="#">US-CERT VU#442845</a></p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-06, July 6, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-07, July 10, 2005</p> <p>SuSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:041, July 8, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisories, DSA 745-1, 747-1, &amp; DSA 746-1, July 10 &amp; 13, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0036, July 14, 2005</p> <p>SGI Security Advisory, 20050703-01-U, July 15, 2005</p> <p>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200507-15, July 15, 2005</p> <p>Debian Security Advisory, DSA 789-1, August 29, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:049, August 30, 2005</p>
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<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-07.xml>

<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200507-15.xml>

Fedora:

<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/>

Ubuntu:

<http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/p/php4/>

Debian:

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/d/drupal/>

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/p/phpgroupware/>

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/e/egroupware/>

SGI:

<http://www.sgi.com/support/security/>

SuSE:

<ftp://ftp.SUSE.com/pub/SUSE>

Trustix:

<http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/>

Debian:

<http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/p/php4/>

SUSE:

<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

MAXdev MD-Pro Content Management:

<http://www.maxdev.com/Downloads-index-req-viewdownload>

Security Focus, Bugtraq  
ID: 14088, November 7,  
2005

Security Focus, Bugtraq  
ID: 14088, November  
23, 2005

**HP Security Bulletin,  
HPSBTU02083,  
December 9, 2005**

	<p><a href="#">-cid-3.phtml</a></p> <p>b2evolution:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/evocms/b2evolution-0.9.1b-2005-09-16.zip?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/evocms/b2evolution-0.9.1b-2005-09-16.zip?download</a></p> <p>FreeMed Software:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/freemed/freemed-0.8.1.1.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/freemed/freemed-0.8.1.1.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p><b>HP:</b>  <a href="http://www.securityfocus.com/advisories/9831">http://www.securityfocus.com/advisories/9831</a></p> <p>Exploit scripts have been published.</p>			
<p>MyBB Group MyBulletinBoard 1.0 PR2, RC1-RC4</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: SQL injection vulnerabilities were reported due to insufficient sanitization of unspecified input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; and unspecified vulnerabilities were reported which could compromise a vulnerable MyBB installation.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.mybboard.com/downloads/?action=request&amp;did=13&amp;type=zip">http://www.mybboard.com/downloads/?action=request&amp;did=13&amp;type=zip</a></p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for these vulnerabilities.</p>	<p>MyBB SQL Injection &amp; Unspecified Vulnerabilities</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4199</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4200</a></p>	Medium	TKPN2005-12-001, December 9, 2005
<p>NetGear RP114 3.26</p>	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when a malicious user initiates a TCP SYN flood to the external interface of the device.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.</p>	<p>NetGear RP114 SYN Flood Denial of Service</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4220</a></p>	Low	Securiteam Advisory, December 13, 2005

<p>Netref Netref 3.0</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'cat' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Netref SQL Injection Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4198</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15801, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>Nortel Networks SSL VPN 4.2.1.6</p>	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in 'tunnelform.yaws' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'a' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Nortel SSL VPN Web Interface Input Validation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4197</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>SEC-CONSULT Security Advisory 20051212-0, December 10, 2005</p>

<p>OpenSSH</p> <p>OpenSSH 4.1, 4.0, p1</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling dynamic port forwarding when no listen address is specified, which could let a remote malicious user cause "GatewayPorts" to be incorrectly activated; and a vulnerability was reported due to an error when handling GSSAPI credential delegation, which could let a remote malicious user be delegated with GSSAPI credentials.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="ftp://ftp.openbsd.org/pub/OpenBSD/OpenSSH/openssh-4.2.tar.gz">ftp://ftp.openbsd.org/pub/OpenBSD/OpenSSH/openssh-4.2.tar.gz</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/3/</a></p> <p>Trustix:  <a href="http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/">http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/</a></p> <p>Slackware:  <a href="ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/slackware-current/">ftp://ftp.slackware.com/pub/slackware/slackware-current/</a></p> <p>Fedora:  <a href="http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/">http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/4/</a></p> <p>RedHat:  <a href="http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-527.html">http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-527.html</a></p> <p>Mandriva:  <a href="http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories">http://www.mandriva.com/security/advisories</a></p> <p>Ubuntu:  <a href="http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/o/openssh/">http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu/pool/main/o/openssh/</a></p> <p>Conectiva:  <a href="ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/">ftp://atualizacoes.conectiva.com.br/10/</a></p> <p><b>SCO:</b></p>	<p>OpenSSH DynamicForward Inadvertent GatewayPorts Activation &amp; GSSAPI Credentials</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-2797</a>  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2798</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA16686, September 2, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-858, September 7, 2005</p> <p>Trustix Secure Linux Security Advisory, TSLSA-2005-0047, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Slackware Security Advisory, SSA:2005-251-03, September 9, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update Notification, FEDORA-2005-860, September 12, 2005</p> <p>RedHat Security Advisory, RHSA-2005:527-16, October 5, 2005</p> <p>Mandriva Linux Security Update Advisory, MDKSA-2005:172, October 6, 2005</p> <p>Ubuntu Security Notice, USN-209-1, October 17, 2005</p> <p>Conectiva Linux Announcement, CLSA-2005:1039, October 19, 2005</p> <p><b>SCO Security Advisory, SCOSA-2005.53, December 12, 2005</b></p>
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	<p><a href="ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.53">ftp://ftp.sco.com/pub/updates/UnixWare/SCOSA-2005.53</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>			
Opera Software Opera Web Browser 8.50, 8.0-8.0 2	<p>A remote Denial of Service vulnerability has been reported when handling large page titles due to an error.</p> <p>Upgrades available at: <a href="http://www.opera.com/download/">http://www.opera.com/download/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	Opera Web Browser Long Page Title Remote Denial of Service  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4210</a>	Low	Opera Software Advisory, December 12, 2005
PGP Corporation PGP Desktop Professional 9.0.3 Build 2932, 9.0 PGP Desktop Home 8.0	<p>A vulnerability has been reported when using the Wipe Free Space tool because data contained in the slack space of files on a NTFS drive is not correctly wiped, which could lead to the disclosure of sensitive information.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, the Slacker tool may be used to exploit this vulnerability.</p>	PGP Desktop Wipe Free Space Assistant Improper Disk Wipe  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4151</a>	Medium	Metasploit Project Advisory, December 8, 2005
PHP JackKnife PHP JackKnife 2.21	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'DisplayResults.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'sKeywords parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	PHP JackKnife Gallery System Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4239</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15841, December 13, 2005
PHP PHP 4.0.x, 4.1.x, 4.2.x, 4.3.x, 4.4.x, 5.0.x	<p>Multiple vulnerabilities have been reported: a vulnerability was reported due to insufficient protection of the 'GLOBALS' array, which could let a remote malicious user define global variables; a vulnerability was reported in the 'parse_str()' PHP function when handling an unexpected termination, which could let a remote malicious user enable the 'register_globals' directive; a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported in the 'phpinfo()' PHP function due</p>	PHP Multiple Vulnerabilities  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3388</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3389</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3390</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3391</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-3392</a>	Medium	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17371, October 31, 2005</p> <p>SUSE Security Summary Report, SUSE-SR:2005:025, November 4, 2005</p> <p>Turbolinux Security Advisory TLSA-2005-97, November 5, 2005</p> <p>Fedora Update</p>

to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and an integer overflow vulnerability was reported in 'pcrelib' due to an error, which could let a remote malicious user corrupt memory.

Upgrades available at:

<http://www.php.net/get/php-4.4.1.tar.gz>

SUSE:

<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

TurboLinux:

<ftp://ftp.turbolinux.co.jp/pub/TurboLinux/TurboLinux/ia32/>

Fedora:

<http://download.fedora.redhat.com/pub/fedora/linux/core/updates/>

RedHat:

<http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-838.html>

<http://rhn.redhat.com/errata/RHSA-2005-831.html>

Gentoo:

<http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200511-08.xml>

Mandriva:

<http://wwwnew.mandriva.com/security/advisories?dis=10.2>

**SUSE:**

<ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/>

Trustix:

<http://http.trustix.org/pub/trustix/updates/>

SGI:

<ftp://patches.sgi.com/support/free/security/advisories/>

OpenPKG:

Notifications,  
FEDORA-2005-1061 &  
1062, November 8, 2005

RedHat Security  
Advisories,  
RHSA-2005:838-3 &  
RHSA-2005:831-15,  
November 10, 2005

Gentoo Linux Security  
Advisory, GLSA  
200511-08, November  
13, 2005

Mandriva Linux Security  
Advisory,  
MDKSA-2005:213,  
November 16, 2005

SUSE Security  
Summary Report,  
SUSE-SR:2005:027,  
November 18, 2005

Trustix Secure Linux  
Security Advisory,  
TSLSA-2005-0062,  
November 22, 2005

SGI Security Advisory,  
20051101-01-U,  
November 29, 2005

OpenPKG Security  
Advisory,  
OpenPKG-SA-2005.027,  
December 3, 2005

**SUSE Security  
Summary Report,  
SUSE-SR:2005:029,  
December 9, 2005**

**SUSE Security  
Announcement,  
SUSE-SA:2005:069,  
December 14, 2005**

	<p><a href="http://www.openpkg.org/">http://www.openpkg.org/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>			
<p>PHP Web Scripts</p> <p>Ad Manager Pro 2.0</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'Advertiser_statistic.php' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>PHP Web Scripts Ad Manager Pro SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4233</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15847, December 14, 2005
<p>PHP Web Scripts</p> <p>Link Up Gold 2.5</p>	<p>Cross-Site Scripting vulnerabilities have been reported in 'tell_friend.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'link' parameter and in 'search.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'phrase[0]' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>Link Up Gold Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4230</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4231</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15843, December 13, 2005
<p>phpCOIN</p> <p>phpCOIN 1.2.2</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'Coin_CFG.php' due to insufficient sanitization before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>PHPCoin SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4213</a></p>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15830, December 13, 2005
<p>phpCOIN</p> <p>phpCOIN 1.2.2</p>	<p>A file include vulnerability has been reported in 'config.php' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary PHP code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required;</p>	<p>PHPCoin File Include</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4212</a></p>	High	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15831, December 13, 2005

	however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.			
PHP PHP 5.0 .0-5.0.5, 4.4.1, 4.4.0, 4.3-4.3.11, 4.2-4.2.3, 4.1.0-4.1.2, 4.0.6, 4.0.7, RC1-RC3	<p>A vulnerability has been reported in the 'mb_send_mail()' function due to an input validation error, which could let a remote malicious user inject arbitrary headers to generated email messages.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://www.php.net/get/php-5.1.0.tar.bz2/from/a/mirror">http://www.php.net/get/php-5.1.0.tar.bz2/from/a/mirror</a></p> <p><b>SUSE:</b>  <a href="ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/">ftp://ftp.suse.com/pub/suse/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	PHP MB_Send_Mail Arbitrary Header Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-3883</a>	Medium	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15571, November 25, 2005</p> <p><b>SUSE Security Announcement, SUSE-SA:2005:069, December 14, 2005</b></p>
PhpWeb Gallery  PhpWebGallery 1.5.1	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in 'comments.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'sort_by' and 'items_number' parameters and in 'picture.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'image_id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	PHPWebGallery SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4228</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15837, December 13, 2005
Plogger  Plogger Beta 2	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: an SQL injection vulnerability was reported due to insufficient of the 'page' and 'id' parameters before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; and a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability was reported due to insufficient sanitization of the 'level' and 'searchterms' parameters before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	Plogger SQL Injection & Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4246</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4247</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15839, December 13, 2005

PowerDev EncapsGallery 1.0	An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'gallery.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'id' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	EncapsGallery SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4234</a>	Medium	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15836, December 13, 2005
QNX Software Systems Ltd.  RTOS 4.25	A vulnerability has been reported in the 'dhcp.client' program because it has suid root permissions, which could let a remote malicious user change the assigned IP addresses of network interfaces and potentially cause a Denial of Service.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  Currently we are not aware of any exploits for this vulnerability.	QNX RTOS 'dhcp.client' File Permission  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4082</a>	Low	Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15785, December 9, 2005
Simple Machines  SMF 1.1 rc1	An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported in 'memberlist.php' due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	Simple Machines Forum SQL Injection  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4159</a>	Medium	KAPDA Advisory #16, December 9, 2005
SimpleMedia  SimpleBBS 1.1, 1.0.7, 1.0.6	A vulnerability has been reported in the 'name' parameter when adding a new topic due to insufficient sanitization, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary PHP code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.	SimpleBBS Input Validation  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4135</a>	High	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015323, December 7, 2005
Snipe Gallery  Snipe Gallery 3.1.4	Several vulnerabilities have been reported: SQL injection vulnerabilities were reported in 'image.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'image_id'	Snipe Gallery Cross-Site Scripting & SQL Injection	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA18022, December 14, 2005

	<p>parameter and in 'view.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'gallery_id' parameter before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code; and a Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'search.php' due to insufficient sanitization 'keyword' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	<p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4244</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4245</a></p>		
<p>ThWb Group Thwboard Beta 2.8</p>	<p>Multiple input validation vulnerabilities have been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input, which could let a remote malicious user inject arbitrary HTML, script code, or SQL code.</p> <p>Upgrade available at: <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/thwb/thwb-300-beta-2.84-php5.tar.gz">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/thwb/thwb-300-beta-2.84-php5.tar.gz</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploits have been published.</p>	<p>ThWboard Multiple Input Validation</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4138</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4139</a></p>	Medium	<p>KAPDA Advisory #15, December 7, 2005</p>
<p>Triangle Solutions Ltd.  PHP Support Tickets 2.0</p>	<p>SQL injection vulnerabilities have been reported in the login page due to insufficient validation of the 'username' and password' fields and in 'index.php' due to insufficient verification of the 'id' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>Update available at: <a href="http://www.phpsupporttickets.com/">http://www.phpsupporttickets.com/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>PHP Support Tickets Multiple SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4264</a></p>	Medium	<p>Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015352, December 13, 2005</p>

<p>UseBB</p> <p>UseBB 0.6 a, 0.6, 0.5.1 a, 0.5.1</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in '\$_SERVER['PHP_SELF']' due to insufficient sanitization before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/usebb/usebb-0.7.tar.gz?download">http://prdownloads.sourceforge.net/usebb/usebb-0.7.tar.gz?download</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required.</p>	<p>UseBB Cross-Site Scripting</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4193</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA17958, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>VCD-db</p> <p>VCD-db 0.971-0.973, 0.961, 0.98, 0.97</p>	<p>Several vulnerabilities have been reported: a Cross-Site vulnerability has been reported in 'index.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'batch' parameter and when performing a detailed search due to insufficient sanitization of the 'title' parameter, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code; and a vulnerability was reported because it is possible to obtain the full path to 'search.php' when accessed by an invalid 'by' parameter.</p> <p>No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.</p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, Proof of Concept exploit scripts have been published.</p>	<p>VCD-db Cross-Site Scripting &amp; Path Disclosure</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4240</a> <a href="#">CVE-2005-4241</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Secunia Advisory: SA18034, December 14, 2005</p>
<p>Website Baker Project</p> <p>Website Baker 2.6, 2.5.2</p>	<p>An SQL injection vulnerability has been reported due to insufficient sanitization of user-supplied input before using in an SQL query, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary SQL code.</p> <p>Upgrades available at:  <a href="http://download.websitebaker.org/websitebaker2/stable/2.6.1/websitebaker-2.6.1.tar.gz/">http://download.websitebaker.org/websitebaker2/stable/2.6.1/websitebaker-2.6.1.tar.gz/</a></p> <p>There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit script has been published.</p>	<p>Website Baker SQL Injection</p> <p><a href="#">CVE-2005-4140</a></p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15776, December 12, 2005</p>
<p>WHM Complete Solution</p> <p>WHMComplete Solution 2.1</p>	<p>A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'knowledgebase.php' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'search' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote</p>	<p>WHMComplete Solution Cross-Site Scripting</p>	<p>Medium</p>	<p>Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15856, December 14, 2005</p>

	malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required.	<a href="#">CVE-2005-4235</a>		
WikkaWiki WikkaWiki 1.1.6.0	A Cross-Site Scripting vulnerability has been reported in 'TextSearch.PHP' due to insufficient sanitization of the 'phrase' parameter before returning to the user, which could let a remote malicious user execute arbitrary HTML and script code.  No workaround or patch available at time of publishing.  There is no exploit code required; however, a Proof of Concept exploit scrip has been published.	WikkaWiki Cross-Site Scripting  <a href="#">CVE-2005-4255</a>	Medium	Secunia Advisory: SA18015, December 14, 2005
XMail XMail 1.21	A buffer overflow vulnerability has been reported in the 'AddressFromAtPtr()' function due to a boundary error when copying the hostname portion of an e-mail address to a 256-byte buffer, which could let a malicious user execute arbitrary code.  Upgrade available at: <a href="http://www.xmailserver.org/">http://www.xmailserver.org/</a>  Debian: <a href="http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/x/xmail/">http://security.debian.org/pool/updates/main/x/xmail/</a>  <b>Gentoo:</b> <a href="http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-05.xml">http://security.gentoo.org/glsa/glsa-200512-05.xml</a>  An exploit script has been published.	XMail Command Line Buffer Overflow  <a href="#">CVE-2005-2943</a>	High	Security Tracker Alert ID: 1015055, October 13, 2005  Security Focus, Bugtraq ID: 15103, October 22, 2005  Debian Security Advisory, DSA 902-1, November 21, 2005  <b>Gentoo Linux Security Advisory, GLSA 200512-05, December 14, 2005</b>

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## Wireless

The section below contains wireless vulnerabilities, articles, and viruses/trojans identified during this reporting period.

- **Bluetooth to unify wireless functionalities:** The Bluetooth Special Interest Group is planning to co-operate more closely with the Wi-Fi, Ultra-wideband (UWB) and Near Field Communications (NFC)

wireless standards. The initiative seeks to combine technologies, functionalities and user interfaces to make them more straightforward for end users. Source:

<http://www.vnunet.com/vnunet/news/2147476/bluetooth-seeks-unify-wireless>

- **Enterprise Mobility Spending To Triple By 2008: Study:** According to a report released by the market research firm, Visiongain, spending by enterprises to support wireless and mobile initiatives will almost triple between now and 2008. The study indicated that mobile and wireless spending by enterprises totaled about \$50 billion in 2005. That figure will increase to more than \$130 billion by the end of 2008. The spending covers hardware, software and services. Source: <http://www.mobilepipeline.com/showArticle.jhtml?articleID=17500717>.
- **Next-Gen Wi-Fi Could Appear By Late 2006: Study:** According to a study by ABI Research, the pieces are falling into place for the next-generation 802.11n Wi-Fi standard to be ratified and chipsets could appear by the end of 2006. The new standard will provide speeds in excess of Ethernet networking speeds. Source: <http://www.mobilepipeline.com/showArticle.jhtml?articleID=175002343>.

## Wireless Vulnerabilities

- [Dell TrueMobile 2300 Remote Authentication Bypass](#): A vulnerability has been reported which could let a remote malicious user bypass authentication.

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## Recent Exploit Scripts/Techniques

The table below contains a sample of exploit scripts and "how to" guides identified during this period. The "Workaround or Patch Available" column indicates if vendors, security vulnerability listservs, or Computer Emergency Response Teams (CERTs) have published workarounds or patches.

*Note: At times, scripts/techniques may contain names or content that may be considered offensive.*

Date of Script (Reverse Chronological Order)	Script name	Workaround or Patch Available	Script Description
December 14, 2005	appfluent.txt	No	Exploit for the Appfluent Technology Database Buffer Overflow vulnerability.
December 14, 2005	Bios.Information.Leakage.txt	N/A	Whitepaper that discusses information leakage and password extraction from a BIOS.
December 14, 2005	fireburn.txt	Yes	Proof of Concept exploit for Firefox 1.0.4 for the InstallVersion.compareTo() vulnerability.
December 14, 2005	lyris_attachment_mssql.pm.txt	Yes	Exploit for the ListManager SQL Injection vulnerability.
December 14, 2005	sugar_suite_40beta.txt	No	Exploit for the SugarCRM Sugar Suite Remote & Local File Include vulnerabilities.
December 13, 2005	mmap_deadlock.c	Yes	Proof of Concept Denial of Service exploit for the Linux

			Kernel Integer Overflow vulnerability.
December 13, 2005	phpcoin_122_incl_xpl.html phpcoin_122_sql_xpl.html	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the PHPCoin File Include vulnerability.
December 13, 2005	phpcoin_122_sql_xpl.html	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the PHPCoin SQL Injection Vulnerability.
December 10, 2005	flatnuke_256_xpl.php flatnuke256_xpl.txt	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the Flatnuke Index.PHP Directory Traversal vulnerability.
December 10, 2005	wiretap.pdf	N/A	A white paper that discusses vulnerabilities and countermeasures that exist within commonly used wiretapping systems by the government.
December 9, 2005	firefox-1.5-buffer-overflow.txt	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the Mozilla History File Remote Denial of Service vulnerability.
December 9, 2005	mambo452_xpl.html	Yes	Exploit for the Mambo Open Source Remote File Include vulnerability.
December 9, 2005	nmap-3.95.tgz	N/A	A utility for port scanning large networks.
December 9, 2005	ttyrpld-2.10.tbz2	N/A	A kernel-based TTY shell, screen, and key logger for Linux, FreeBSD/PCBSD, and OpenBSD that has a real-time log analyzer.
December 8, 2005	openview_connected nodes_exec.pm	Yes	Exploit for the HP OpenView Network Node Manager Remote Arbitrary Code Execution vulnerability.
December 8, 2005	wbaker_260_xpl.php wbaker_260_xpl.txt	No	Proof of Concept exploit for the Website Baker SQL Injection vulnerability.
December 7, 2005	SimpleBBS-cmd-exec.c simplebbs_11_xpl.html bbs.c	No	Proof of Concept exploits for the SimpleBBS Input Validation vulnerability.

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## Trends

- Trojan circulates as fake McAfee patch:** A new Trojan is circulating that masquerades as a patch for McAfee's antivirus software. Emails have been spammed out pretending to be a security update for a virus called 'Kongos 31' which does not exist. The email contains a link to a web page hosted in the US that looks very similar to the McAfee download page. Source: <http://www.vnunet.com/vnunet/news/2147531/trojan-circulates-fake-mcafee>.

- **Cyber Security Tip ST05-019, Preventing and Responding to Identity Theft:** Identity theft, or identity fraud, is a crime that can have substantial financial and emotional consequences. Take precautions with personal information; and if you become a victim, act immediately to minimize the damage. Identity theft, or identity fraud, is a crime that can have substantial financial and emotional consequences. Take precautions with personal information; and if you become a victim, act immediately to minimize the damage. Source: <http://www.us-cert.gov/cas/tips/ST05-019.html>
- **Cross Domain Vulnerability in Internet Explorer:** US-CERT is aware of a cross domain violation in Internet Explorer. This may allow a script in one domain to access web content in a different domain. Source: <http://www.us-cert.gov/current/>.
- **New SSL certificates coming:** In an effort to reduce phishing and to help build online trust, security companies and browser makers are working together to design "high assurance" SSL certificates. Source: <http://www.securityfocus.com/brief/77>.
- **E-Mail Spills Corporate Secrets:** According to a study released by Radicati Group, six percent of workers admitted that they've E-mailed confidential company information to someone they shouldn't have and 62% said they've used their personal accounts for business purposes to circumvent controls placed on their business accounts. Source: <http://www.informationweek.com/security/showArticle.jhtml?articleID=174918812>.
- **Sober code cracked:** Antivirus companies they have cracked an algorithm that was being used by the Sober worm to "communicate" with its author. The latest variant of the Sober worm caused havoc in November by duping users into executing it by masking itself as e-mails from the FBI and CIA. Source: [http://news.com.com/Sober+code+cracked/2100-7349\\_3-5989094.html?tag=nl](http://news.com.com/Sober+code+cracked/2100-7349_3-5989094.html?tag=nl).
- **Rootkits Making More Spyware, Adware Stick:** According to F-Secure, the sharp rise in rootkits is due to spyware and adware vendors trying to prevent their wares from being easily uninstalled. Since October the most common rootkit in the wild is the one used by the Apropos spyware program. Source: <http://www.techweb.com/wire/security/174907374;jsessionid=WRE35TOIAV2AUQSNDBECKHOCJUMKJVN>.
- **Study: Unchecked Software Piracy Could Cost Nations Hundreds of Billions Of Dollars:** According to a study conducted by International Data Corp, without a crackdown on global software piracy, countries stand to lose hundreds of billions of dollars in economic growth and tax revenues and millions of new jobs. Cutting piracy by 10 percent over four years would generate 2.4 million new jobs in information technology, boost economic growth by \$400 billion and increase tax revenues worldwide by \$67 billion. Source: <http://internetweek.cmp.com/security/174907328>.

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## Viruses/Trojans

### Top Ten Virus Threats

A list of high threat viruses, as reported to various anti-virus vendors and virus incident reporting organizations, has been ranked and categorized in the table below. For the purposes of collecting and collating data, infections involving multiple systems at a single location are considered a single infection. It is therefore possible that a virus has infected hundreds of machines but has only been counted once. With the number of viruses that appear each month, it is possible that a new virus will become widely distributed before the next edition of this publication. To limit the possibility of infection, readers are reminded to update their anti-virus packages as soon as updates become available. The table lists the viruses by ranking (number of sites affected), common virus name,

type of virus code (i.e., boot, file, macro, multi-partite, script), trends (based on number of infections reported since last week), and approximate date first found.

Rank	Common Name	Type of Code	Trend	Date	Description
1	Netsky-P	Win32 Worm	Stable	March 2004	A mass-mailing worm that uses its own SMTP engine to send itself to the email addresses it finds when scanning the hard drives and mapped drives. The worm also tries to spread through various file-sharing programs by copying itself into various shared folders.
2	Netsky-D	Win32 Worm	Stable	March 2004	A simplified variant of the Netsky mass-mailing worm in that it does not contain many of the text strings that were present in NetSky.C and it does not copy itself to shared folders. Netsky.D spreads itself in e-mails as an executable attachment only.
3	Sober-Z	Win32 Worm	Stable	December 2005	A mass-mailing worm that harvests addresses from infected machines, forges the senders email, and utilizes its own mail engine.
4	Mytob-GH	Win32 Worm	Stable	November 2005	A variant of the mass-mailing worm that disables security related

					programs and allows other to access the infected system. This version sends itself to email addresses harvested from the system, forging the sender's address.
5	Mytob.C	Win32 Worm	Stable	March 2004	A mass-mailing worm with IRC backdoor functionality which can also infect computers vulnerable to the Windows LSASS (MS04-011) exploit. The worm will attempt to harvest email addresses from the local hard disk by scanning files.
6	Mytob-BE	Win32 Worm	Stable	June 2005	A slight variant of the mass-mailing worm that utilizes an IRC backdoor, LSASS vulnerability, and email to propagate. Harvesting addresses from the Windows address book, disabling antivirus, and modifying data.
7	Zafi-D	Win32 Worm	Stable	December 2004	A mass-mailing worm that sends itself to email addresses gathered from the infected computer. The worm may also attempt to lower security settings,

					terminate processes, and open a back door on the compromised computer.
8	Lovgate.w	Win32 Worm	Stable	April 2004	A mass-mailing worm that propagates via by using MAPI as a reply to messages, by using an internal SMTP, by dropping copies of itself on network shares, and through peer-to-peer networks. Attempts to access all machines in the local area network.
9	Mytob-GH	Win32 Worm	Stable	December 2005	This email worm turns off anti-virus and opens infected systems to remote connections. It further harvests email addresses from infected machines, and forges the senders address.
10	Zafi-B	Win32 Worm	Stable	June 2004	A mass-mailing worm that spreads via e-mail using several different languages, including English, Hungarian and Russian. When executed, the worm makes two copies of itself in the %System% directory with randomly generated file names.

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